## England 1199 to 1272 -

- 18. Describe the Angevin rule up to 1199.
- 19. Explain the claims to the throne of John and Arthur.
- 20. Give reasons for the outbreak of war with France in 1199.
- 21. Give reasons why John was able to secure the Angevin inheritance.
- 22. Describe the features of the Treaty of le Goulet.
- 23. Explain the reasons for the outbreak of war in 1202 (how did John's marriage lead to the outbreak of war?).
- 24. Give reasons why the nobles transferred support to Philip.
- 25. Give details of the financial problems faced by John.
- 26. Explain the reasons why John lost Normandy and the impact of the loss.
- 27. Apply knowledge to analyse sources.
- 28. Evaluate sources using fully explained provenance and detailed and accurate knowledge.
- 29. Describe with examples the relationship between John and the Church before 1205.
- 30. Explain why John quarrelled with Pope Innocent III.
- 31. Give reasons as to why John did not want to accept Stephen Langton.
- 32. Explain the impact of the quarrel for John, the English Church and the Pope.
- 33. Understand and explain, with details, why John finally gave into the Pope.
- 34. Explain why the Pope's quashing of Magna Carta was important.

## Spring/Summer Term Cold War in Europe –

35. Recall the chronological phases of change in the different stages of the Cold War.

- 36. Compare two events or themes to form judgments on the development of tension.
- 37. Understand the reasons for development and reduction in tension.
- 38. Explain the circumstances that led to the construction of the Berlin Wall.
- 39. Assess the significance of the construction of the Berlin Wall, including impact on German citizens and wider Cold War.
- 40. Evaluate the impact of the Cuban Missile Crisis on the relationships between East and West.
- 41. Define the principle of détente.
- 42. Explain why there was a détente.
- 43. Evidence examples of attempts to reduce the nuclear threat.
- 44. Assess the significance of the Prague Spring and Czech Crisis of 1968 on Cold War relations.
- 45. Describe the steps taken in Ostpolitik.
- 46. Explain the features of SALT.
- 47. Describe the key features of the Helsinki Accords.
- 48. Assess which of the events in détente had the most success in improving relations between the superpowers.
- 49. Know the reasons for the end of détente.
- 50. Assess whether the end of détente was inevitable.
- 51. Describe the events in Afghanistan in 1979.
- 52. Explain how the invasion of Afghanistan triggered a New Cold War
- 53. Understand the issues involving leadership for both the USA and USSR in the late-1970s and early 1980s.
- 54. Assess the economic issues in the USSR and Eastern Europe.

## England 1199 to 1272 -

55. Demonstrate knowledge of how England was governed 1204-1212.

- 56. Give details of John's efforts to regain the Angevin inheritance.
- 57. Explain with examples why John caused so much resentment in the barons.
- 58. Describe the rebellion of the 'Northerners' 1212-1213 and how threatening this was.
- 59. Explain why the rebellion developed, 1214-15.
- 60. Give examples of what the 'Articles of the Barons' and Magna Carta included.
- 61. Evaluate the impact of Magna Carta.
- 62. Explain why civil war broke out in 1215.
- 63. Give details to show how John and the barons did not trust each other.
- 64. Assess how strong John's position was in the autumn of 1215.
- 65. Explain the significance of Magna Carta.
- 66. Assess how far Magna Carta solved the differences between John and the barons.
- 67. Give details on the legacy of King John.
- 68. Explain the strengths and weaknesses of Henry's position at the start of his reign.
- 69. Assess how strong Henry's position was in 1216.
- 70. Explain why Louis' invasion failed.
- Assess how important William
   Marshal was in the government of England.
- 72. Know when Magna Carta was reissued and why.
- 73. Assess the reasons for unrest in the 1220s.
- 74. Explain the impact of Henry's wars in France.
- 75. Assess the reasons for the fall of de Burgh.
- 76. Explain the actions of Peter des Roches and how this led to rebellion.
- 77. Assess the reasons why the period 1216-1234 saw so much unrest.

Rebellions and Disorder in Tudor England	
70 Evalain haw Hanry Tudar hasama	

- 78. Explain how Henry Tudor become king in 1485.
- 79. Know the challenges to the new Tudor reign.
- 80. Assess the early dynastic rebellions.
- 81. Assess the early taxation rebellions.
- 82. Evaluate the situation in England at the end of Henry Tudor's reign.